In the Claims:

- 1 (currently amended) A turbo decoding system, comprising:
- a decoder module, using an adaptive abort criterion; and

means to provide said wherein the adaptive abort criterion is based on the mean and the variance of partially decoded extrinsics.

- 2. (previously presented) The system of Claim 1, wherein the abort criterion is generated as a ratio of the mean and the variance of the extrinsics.
- 3. (currently amended) An iterative decoder system for a recursive systematic encoder, comprising:

a decoder module, wherein for providing estimates of data symbols are generated through an iterative decoding process;

circuitry including a comparison algorithm for comparing a derived quality attribute of the generated data symbol estimates to a predetermined threshold; wherein said quality attribute is based on the mean and the variance of the estimates of the data symbols; and wherein circuitry for aborting decoding is aborted based on a the comparison result.

4. (previously presented) The system of Claim 3, wherein the quality attribute is generated as a ratio of the mean and the variance of the estimates.

5. (currently amended) A method for determining an abort criterion in turbo decoding, comprising the steps of:

generating extrinsic values;

for each extrinsic value, generating a signal-to-noise ratio computed from the mean and the variance of the extrinsic values;

comparing the generated signal-to-noise ratio to a threshold signal-to-noise ratio; and

aborting based on a the comparison result;

wherein said signal-to-noise ratio is computed from the mean and the variance of the extrinsics.

- 6. The method of Claim 5, wherein the signal-to-noise ratio is computed by dividing the mean of the extrinsic values by the variance of the extrinsic values.
- 7. (currently amended) A method for determining an abort criterion in iterative decoding, comprising the steps of:

generating estimates of data symbols;

generating a quality attribute based on the mean and variance of the estimates;

comparing the quality attribute to a predetermined threshold; and

aborting the turbo decoding based on a the comparison result.

8. (previously presented) The method of Claim 7, wherein the quality attribute is generated as a ratio of the mean and the variance of the estimates.

9. (previously presented) A method for determining an abort criterion in iterative decoding, comprising the steps of:

generating estimates of data symbols after an iteration substep;
measuring the mean of the estimates;
measuring the variance of the estimates;
generating a quality attribute based on the mean and the variance;
comparing the quality attribute to a predetermined threshold; and
aborting the turbo decoding based on a the comparison result.

10. (previously presented) The method of Claim 9, wherein the quality attribute is generated as a ratio of the mean and the variance of the estimates.